EFFORT TO "EVEN UP."

THE FOURTH PIRGINIA DISTRICT SAID TO BE DILATORY.

Representative Marshall Has an Important Interview With the President. Elchmonders Wed.

Times Bereau, Rapley Building, 1 Washington, May 24, 1893.

ise of the President to "even

an regime of the last four years, which cape out overy vestige of the previous ar years of Democracy, would be made ith the least possible delay.

The first initimation that there was to

The first intimation that the was to a delay, and a very serious one, came brough Fourth Assistant Postmester-leneral Maxwell, who gave out the dictum of Postmester-General Bissell, that ourth-class postmasters were considered to be appointed subject to removal by the to be appointed subject to removal by the President, and could therefore be said to have no specified term of office, and they would not be removed after having served four years unless charges were preferred against them. There was naturally a howl from the Congressmen from every section of the country, and a rush was made for the office of the Postmaster-General by those who wanted to know if such was really the "civil service" rule that had been adopted. No consolation such wag really the "civil service" rule that had been adopted. No consolation was found there, it was ciatmed by the majority, though there were some who saw a silver lining to the black cloud, and said that the removals could be secured. No radical changes in the rule, however, was promised to any one.

Congressman Marshall's talk with the President this morning did not give him any hope that there would be any change.

President this many forms any hope that there would be any chance in the rule; indeed, he made it appear that he was fully aware of what had been done, and that it had his full sanction. When Mr. Marshall told Mr. Cleveland ittle surprised that there were so many, it said it was only another indication the remarkable growth of that section the State, with which he seemed to be acquainted. Mr. Marshall told the resident that all of the patronage which he have such that the the patronage which the patronage which the the patronage which the the patronage which the the patronage which is the patronage which the patronage which is the usually went to the Representative from that district was by the rule being taken away from him. The President replied that he did not consider it good policy make wholesale removals of fourthor his talk with Mr. Marshall, asked, an't you bring charges against these ple? If you do, they will be removed

ogressman Marshall this morning sistant Secretary of State Quincey, the interest of Mr. H. M. Smythe, of ratham, who wants to go as consul at ong Kong. Both Mr. Cleveland and og Kong. Both Mr. Clevenana and Quincey spoke very encouragingly of appointment of Mr. Smythe, Mr. aincey particularly so, giving Mr. ayihe to understand that his appoint-ayihe to understand that his appoint-Smythe's first choice is for Hongar, and while his name has been men ed in connection with several other es, he still thinks he will go there. Sanythe and Mr. Marshall both left the Southwest. Southwest this afternoon in the

A. Willson, of Baltimore, Md. who twenty-five years ago lived in Petersburg, is an applicant for the posi-tion of marshal of the District of Columtion of marshal of the District of Columbia, for which he is strongly inforsed, among other names on his papers being those of Governor McKinney, the mayors of Richmond and Petersburg and 'many of the leading bankers and business-men of Virginia. Mr. Willson had a short talk to-day at the White House with Private Secretary Thurber. Mr. Willson was a candidate for the same position eight years ago, and "thereby hangs a tale." Among others who were applicants for the place was one A. A. Wilson, and on him the President set the seal of approval and named him for the place. The reponutment in due course of red tape was announced, and then the fun set in. The first-named gentleman, who spells his name with a double "L." was not aware of the candidacy of Mr. Wilson, of the of the candidany of Mr. Wilson, of the Java.

single "L," and when the appointment was made public had no doubt that it was he whom the President had named, and was jubilant accordingly, and in the first flush of his jubilations over his selection, lined and wined a number of his friends dired and wined a number of his friends. It was not long before he learned that he had too many "L's" in his name to get the commission, and then, because the joke was on him, had to set them up ngain, though not in the brightest spirits. Mr. Willson hopes this time that the tame pleasant sound will suit the President's ear, and that his double "L" will figure on a commission as marshal for the Dison a commission as marshal for the Dis-trict of Columbia.

A rather funny incident occurred at the

White House this morning. A mysterious person, so-called because he was unknown by any one around the President's office, got into the precincts, now for some time closed to office-seekers, by accom-panying friends who had the entry. He had not been in the office long when he pearance on the portico a nice-looking public carriage drove up to meet him Diving into a vest pocket he pulled ou enough money at one grab to pay the driver, and then motioned him to depart, which the driver did, though seeming somewhat surprised. The man then walked from the White House with lagging step, as if entirely at sea as to his next move, and as though he had lost every

district attorney for the Western district. Mr. Craig, the present district a torney, having resigned, to take effect June 20th. There was no question as to the appointment of Mr. Montague, since his indersement by the caucus of the Virginia delegation in Congress, except that the President has a way of doing things to suit himself, and there being a number of strong candidates other than the one belonged by the delegation, they feared indorsed by the delegation, they feared that the break in "the slate" might first occur on the district attorneyship.

essrs. L. R. Warren and W. G. Mose-of Richmond, are in the city.

Session for several days.

Congressmar James W. Marshall, of the
Ninth district, has been invited to deliver Ninth district, has been laying addresses on Confederate Memorial day addresses on the 2d of June at Little Rock, Arkannas, and Warrenton, Va. He has declined the invitation to Little Rock, but accepted that to Warrenton. Mr. Marshall's british to Warrenton. tation to Little Rock, but accepted to Warrenten. Mr. Marshall's brilt oration at Staunton on May 19th, of the Confederate Memorial day e, has been widely copied and more dely commented on, and there is every ason to think that the one he will de-er on the 3d of June at Warrenton, h exceed in beauty the one already

M. M. Rogers, of Roancke, who is candidate for collector of internal cenue for the Western district, left the y to-day for Roanoke. Mr. Rogers is rty chairman, and desired to take part w. Mr. Rogers is very sanguine of the tcome of his candidacy for the collector

utcome of his candidacy for the collectorhip, and will return here next week.
Mr. C. G. Coleman, formerly of Louisa
ounty, but now for several years a resitent of the territory of New Mexico, is in
he city, an applicant for the position
of Surveyor-General of the Territory,
colonel Tom Smith, of Warrenton, who
cas under Mr. Cleveland's first adminstration District Attorney for the terriarration District Attorney for the territration District Attorney for the terri-

tory, and who is a warm personal friend of Mr. Coleman, is doing all he can to assist him in cetting the position.

Mr. T. R. Robertson, of Charlotte, N. C., is in the city. He is indorsed by the senators and congressman from his district for postmaster at Charlotte, and as charges have already been filed against the incumbent Mr. Robertson's appointment will doubtless soon follow.

Dr. D. W. Sunderlin, formerly Auditor of State of North Carolina, has to-day accepted the position of Deputy Third

Mr. A. H. A. Williams, ex-congressman from North Carolina, filed charges to-day against the postmaster at Yanceyville, and will request the appointment of Mr. Poteat, the Democratic editor of

that place. Mr. W. F. Beasley, of Oxford, N. C., is in the city. W. N. Berkley, of Pulaski, Va., has

applied for the position of inspector of customs at Panama. S. W. Vick, of Wilmington, N. C., wants to be a special agent of the

Treasury.
Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General

Maxwell appointed 114 fourth-class postmasters to-day, of which eighty-sever were to fill vacancies caused by resig were to fill vacancles caused by resignations and deaths. The appointments for Virginia were as follows: Camp Creek, Floyd county, Nannie A. Booth, vice Carter Bower, removed; Sampson, Augusta county, W. D. Huffman, vice A. G. Sampson, removed; Topeco, Floyd county, E. A. Hall, vice J. A. L. Sutphin, resigned; Variety Shade, Buckingham county, Nannie E. Hall, vice Fannie B. Bondurant, resigned; Voy, Prince William county, L. M. Storke, vice E. T. Wright, resigned.

New postoffices have been established in Virginia as follows. Bridges, Gloucester county, special from Ordinary, two

in Virginia as follows. First, which is county, special from Ordinary, two and a half miles east, with Thomas Bridges as postmaster; Uno. Madison county. Liberty Mills, three miles south, Rachelle, three miles north, Jessie L. Whitlock as postmaster. H. L. W. Whitlock as postmaster.

Two Consuls Appointed.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—The President has appointed Henry C. Stuart, of Col-orado, to be Secretary of the Legation at Guatemala and Honduras, and Consul-General to Guatemala, and Andrew A. St. John, of Pennsylvania, Consul at Batavia,

WORK OF THE ALLIANCE

INTERESTING REPORTS TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Delegates From France Address the Body. Report of the Committee on the Sabbath.

MACON, GA., May 24.-Special.-At 9 o'clock this morning the General Arrembly convened and proceeded to the first order of the day, which was to hear from Judge Cothran, the secretary and Alliance, The Judge gave the general plan and work of the Alliance, emphasizing the great importance of the work. He said there were more than ninety branches of the great Presbyterian family represented, and five millions of com

At 10 o'clock the delegates from the Reformed Presbyterian Church of France were introduced to the assembly by Rev. E. J. Dupuy, pastor of the Reformed Church of Paris, France, and Fred. Necker, Esq., vice-president of the Evan-gelical Society of Geneva. The addresses of both these brethren were highly entertaining and full of hope as to the cess of the gospel in their land.

This is the seventh day of the assembly, and there is a large amount of business of great importance yet to be taken up

munication from a free evangelical church of Greece and Macedonia, asking for a

mittee on foreign missions.

Revs. P. P. Ramsay, T. S. Hosshend,
A. L. Phillips and A. P. Saunders were appointed a special committee on the

Ruling Elder G. W. Ewing offered

The Proceedings in Detail.

(By Southern Associated Press.) MACON, GA., May 24.—The fifth d matter of these addresses was referred to the committee on foreign correspondence, to which W. U. Murkland was added by request.

The third order of the day was the report of the committee on home missions, which was taken up and read by J. S. Corby. The report called attention

to the alarming falling off in contribu-tions for home mission purposes, and ap-pealed strongly to the Church. A minori rected to the necessary expenditure funds in the Indian Territory. A mine ty report on the whole plan was brought n. The reports were put on the docket and will be the order of the day to-mor

row at 10 o'clock.
The assembly declined to issue any new deliverance on worldly amusements, as asked for from Concord. The bill and overtures .ommittee reported that it was innecessary to say more, former deliver-

the on bills and overtures recommended on an overture from upper Missouri, that an interim committee be appointed to re-port to the next General Assembly the be a growing cyll, of candidates preaching under seeming authority. Rev. E. M. Green, J. H. McNeilly and

Dobyns were apopinted an ad

Whereas, we believe that our people by their acts, ought to bear consistent testimony against Sabbath desecration, and if the World's Fair in Chicago i opened on the Lord's day, it will be a tational disgrace, and productive of grea injury to the cause of Christ. Resolved, That we advise the mem

bers of our churches that if the World's Fair be opened on the Lord's day, to register their disapprobation and protest an admirable way by remaining from the Fair altogether.

The report of the colored evangelical

committee was made. The seminary at Tuscaloosa, Ala., will after this session be under the direction and control of the committee. A strong appeal was made by Rev. A. D. Phillips for more hearty

support.

The auditing committee reported on the annual report, and recommended General Rufus Barringer, George Wilson and John E. Oates as trustees of the assembly for the next three years.

The Woman Question Settled. LITTLE ROCK, ARK., May 24.—The woman question, which has created such a stir in the convention of the Cumberland Presbytery, was settled with little debate this afternoon by adopting the re port of the committees to submit two changes in the constitution of the presbyteries for action, one making women eligible, the other prohibiting them. The vote was 175 to 5 for the report. Churches are asked not to admit any weman elders till the matter is settled by the presby-

the object of patriotic pride on the part of all Americans, will become a thing of the past. A formal order issued from the past. A formal order issued from the Navy Department to-day, announcing that upon the hauling down of the flag of Rear Admiral Bancroft Gherard, the naval review fleet, as an organization,

of Rear Admiral Bancroft Gherardi, the naval review fleet, as an organization, will cease to exist.

Rear Admiral Erben has been allowed to select his own staff officers for service upon the European station, and, accord-ingly. Lieutenant Reamey has been des-ignated to act as his dag lieutenant and Ensign Huime as his secretary.

Commodors A. S. Stanton, who is reco

Commodore A. S. Stanton, who is soon to assume command of the South Atlantic station, will have the rank of acting rear admiral.

There will be a test of smokeless powder at the Indian Head proving ground to-morrow. The explosive to be tested was manufactured at the Newport (R. I.) torpedo station, and officers of the bureau

re interested in the result of the test. ALEX. STEPHENS IN STONE.

A Monument to the Memory of the "Great

CRAWFORDSVILLE, GA., May 21 .-To-day was the greatest occasion in the history of Crawfordsville. Admirers from all over Georgia congregated to do honor ed to his memory by the people of

10 1810; member Georgia State Sena 1842; member United States House Representatives 1843 to 1856; Vice-President of the Cenfederate States 1861 1865; United States senator-elect fro Georgia 1896; member United States Hou Georgia 1999; member United States House of Representatives 1873 to 1882; Governor of Georgia 1882; died in Atlanta Sunday morning, March 4, 1833; author of a "Con-stitutional View of the War Hetween the States," and of a "Compendium of the History of the United States from their Earliest Settlement till 1872."

On another side is this extract from

"Here sleep the remains of one who

ver intentionally deceived a friend or The following, written by Richard Mal-

mind and spirit, he was a signal example of wisdom, courage, fortitate, patience, forbearance and unwearying charity. "In the decreptude of age called to be governor of the State, he died while n the performance of the work of his office, and it seemed fit that, having survived parents, brethren, sisters and nost of the dear companions of youth, he should by his dying head upon the

Liberty Hall is written; The Great Commoner.
The defender of civil and religious He coveted and took from the republic

nothing save glory.
Non Sibi, Sed Allis!
There is an interesting story in connection with the raising of the money for this monument. Soon after Mr. Stephens' death a meeting was called in Crawfordyille which resulted in the or-ganization of an association to erect a suitable memorial to his memory. Like most movements of the kind, however, this one did not progress rapidly, and after the strength of the initial impulse had died away it threatened to fall altogether. In this emergency Miss Mary A. H Gay, of Atlanta, was appointed the agent of the association. Miss Gay is now about fifty years of age. When the war begun she was at the meridian of a happy young womanhood. She was engaged to be married. Her betrothed entered the a my and was killed. From be moment of his death she determine to devote herself to a life of cellbac and good works. First she started the and good works. First sin state in movement to gather together the bones of the scattered Confederate dead into Confederate cemeteries, and afterwards when she was made the agent of the Stephens Monument Association, threw her whole soul into that work.

One of the interested spectators of the

one of the interested spectators of the unveiling was "Aunt Liza," an aged negress, who was Mr. Stephens' house-keeper during his lifetime, and who now ives in a neat cottage near by, enjoying the income from a fortune of \$29,000 left her by her husband, "Uncle Henry," Mr. Stephens' faithful and thrifty body-ser-

Two Murderers Executed.

BERLIN, May 24.—Rosalie Buntrock and her lover, Fritz Erbe, who were con-victed at Madgeburg in June last of the News of the Navy.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 24.—On the 31st instant, next Wednesday, the United States naval review fleet, which has been victed at Madgeburg in June last of the murder of two girls, named Kasten ard Klage, were executed in that city to-day. Both were beheaded. Their crimes were peculiarly atrocious. Their object was robbery.

dimes.

A GREAT CONSERVATIVE DEMON-STRATION IN BELFAST,

Salisbury Says Ulster's Future Must Not Depend Upon the Insanc Wishes of a Single Man.

BELFAST, May 24.-The Conservatives of Belfast and neighborhood made a great honor of the Marquis of Salisbury. The hall was literally crammed with people, and the procession was marked by intense enthusiasm. Fully three thousand Ulsterites, most of whom carried miniature Union jacks, took part in the meeting. Previous to the arrival of Lord Salisbury, Captain Alexander Clark Kennedy, late of the Coldstream Guards, created a furor by unfurling a Union jack, under which, he said, the Grenadiers fought at Waterloo. And under that flag, he continued, the Loyalists were fighting for Ulster, and he and many other

At 7 o'clock Lord Salisbury and his wife the air. When the enthusiasm had sub-sided Lord Salisbury addressed the audi-

The meeting ended with the singing the national anthem by the audience,

INTERNATIONAL STRIKE. Representatives of 900,000 Miners Vote in

Favor of Such a Move. BRUSSELS, May 24.-The Miners' In ernational Conference to-day adopted a resolution in favor of an eight hour working day in the mines. The sup-porters of the resolution represented 194,000 miners, and the opponents repre-sented 100,000 miners. The conference then discussed the question to enforce the

cight hour system.

Delegates representing 900,000 miners voted in favor of an international strike, while the delegates who acrossed such action represented only 120,000 miners. England and Wales voted with the minority. The conference voted unanimously in favor of the exclusion of female labor from use in and about mines.

More Earthquake Shocks,

ATHENS, May 24.—The town of Thebes was shaken by an earthquake again to-day. Many houses collapsed, and many thers were made uninhabitable. person was killed by a falling wall and several were injured. The inhabitants are afraid to remain in the houses that are still intact, and are camping out. The Government has forwarded a large number of tents for shelter.

Mr. Carter. PARIS, May 24.—Sir Charles Russell continued his argument in behalf of the British case to-day before the Behring Sea Arhitration, Mr. Carter again objected to the version of his argument used by Sir Charles for purse quotation, and a warm passage of words ensued be-

A Disastrous Flood,

VIENNA, May 24.—Gzernowitz, a town of Austria, the capital of Bukowina, situated near the river Pruth, was visited by a disastrous flood. Five persons are known to have been drowned and a number rendered homeless.

THE TERMINAL PLAN. Financial Experts Trying to Digest the

Elaborate Proposition.

NEW YORK, May 24.-Financial experts were busy all day to-day trying to digest the forty-nine-page reorganization planpresented by Drexel, Morgan & Co. to the Richmond and West Point Terminal, the Richmond and Panville, and the East Ternessee, Virgiria and Georgia railway stareholders. There is no precedent whatever for a plan so vast as this and so comprehensive. Drexel, Morgan & Co. comprehensive. Drexel, Morgan & Co. pledge themselves to carry it through, and have secured a guarantee of \$15,000, 000 in cash against possible opposition. As trustees, they will hold the voting power for five years, thus securing for them absolute control. Upon these terms they offer their services, as surgeons of finance, whenever the patient is ready to submit. There is no compulsion in the matter whatever. Any holder of the two score securities directly affected may ac-

Wide interest was shown by the stream of messengers sent after copies of the plan. Mr. C. H. Coster, of the firm and of the committees, said that they had already received from 60 to 70 per cent. of the total securities involved. "The receipts to-day," he said, "have gone on just the same. There have been no Wide interest was shown by the stream

withdrawals except where securities have withdrawals except where securities have been sold outright and brokers have come in to get them for delivery. What little expression of opinion there was seems favorable. President Olcott, of the Central Trust, did not care to express bis views. He had been concerned in the cid plan, which had failed, and yet his combany was rade the decoastory under ompany war made the depository under he new plan C. P. Huntington was raphatic in saying that the plan was vise in that it avoided criticism by going lirect to the stockholders for the eerled. Another point that aroused onsiderable comment was that the fact that the plan was made so clear even to the exact specifications of the bankers fee. They undertook it for expenses and

opinion was worth anything declined. PASSENGER TRAIN HELD UP. Governor Stone, of Missouri, Was Aboard

the Train. ST. LOUIS, MO., May 24.- The westbound Missouri and Pacific passenger train, which left the Union depot at 8:29 o'clock to-night. Governor Stone was a passenger on the train.

State Treasurer Stephens telegraphs from Washington, Mo.: Train No. 3, on the Missouri and Pacific, the west-bound express, was held up by masked robbers a mile and a half west of Pacific this vening. The express car was shattered with dynamite, and the express messenger was compelled to open the safe and deready offered a reward for the arrest of the robbers. The Governor and State treasurer were both passengers on the None of the passengers were dis-

WILL BE OPEN SUNDAY.

What Director Davis Says-Professor

Thomas to Furnish the Music, WORLD'S FAIR GROUNDS, CHI-CAGO, ILL., May 24.-The action of the National Commission yesterday in abid-Fair on Sunday has caused considerable dissension in that body, and resulted this morning in the resignation of Mr. Massey from the chairmanship of the judiciary committee. There is a division of opinion as to the status of the question. The friends of Sunday opening hold that the National Commission by failing to modify the order of the local directory, has ratified it. The opponents of Sunday opening hold that the question is still in suspense, and can be acted upon at to-morrow's meeting. Director-General Davis is quoted as saying:

"The gates will be opened on Sunday unless there are orders to the contrary. The National Commission has failed to modify the order of the local directory, and as the matter stands the directory has ordered the Fair opened, and the commission has failed to change that order, so unless I am prohibited from doing so the Fair will be opened. I do not anticipate any move to keep the gates closed, but, of course, there may be."

Theodore Thomas Can Remain

every day, on account of the objections raised to the system of judging exhibits as decided on by the commissioners and explained to the foreign officials by Chairman Thatcher, of New York. The commissioners who are here from Austria, Beigium, Brazil, British Guina, Denmark, France, Germany, England, Italy, Japan, Norway, Orange Free State, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and Russia insist upon the adoption of the jury system in making awards. Failing to obtain such a system, they will withto obtain such a system, they will with-draw the exhibits of their countries from examination for awards. They have signed a compact to that effect, and only await the approval of their respective Governments and the full commission before giving official effect to their desires. South American countries are inclined to compromise, and it is possible that a satisfactory settlement of the trouble will be arrived at before the work for

At its meeting to-day the World's Fair Council of Administration issued an order to Horace Tucker, superintendent of Gureau of Admissions, to throw the gates of Jackson Park wide open next Sunday. The Exposition to-day was marked by a big crowd, some dust, lots of wind, the opening of the Maine State building the city of Paris' municipal exhibit in the French pavilion, a celebration of Queen Victoria's birthday anniversary in the Canadian building and the first con-cert of the Chicago Apollo Club,

"J. T. WATSON, LYNCHBURG, VA." A Young Man With This Identification

Suicides in Indiana. RICHMOND, IND., May 24.-Twentytwo days ago a letter was found tacked on the River bridge saying that the writer had committed suicide. He signed his name "J. T. W." Word was received here of the finding of a body in the river thirty miles below here, and letters were taken from the pockets addressed to J. T. Watson, Lynchburg Va.

From the letters it is evident that he is well connected, and his deed was the result of some disappointment in love.

University Funds in a Tangle. CINCINNATI, O., May 24.—More than \$70,000 of the funds of the Cincinnati University is missing, and where it is no one seems to be able to explain. Monday night at a meeting of the university trustees, Dr. C. A. Leed, in looking over an oid ledger, found a discrepancy of upwards of \$40,000, which he said had been paid to the sinking fund trustees, for which credit had not been given to the university board. A hurried investigation Tuesday morning showed that \$20,000 more which should have been paid in on tax account was also cone. A further investigation may find this money, but at present only surmises are in order. CINCINNATI, O., May 24.-More than

in order.

Southeastern Tariff Association. WASHINGTON, May 24.—The Southeastern Tariff Association (composed en eastern Tariff Association (composed en-tirely of underwriters) met in convention here to-day. The gathering includes rep-resentatives from eight Southern States, and about 150 delegates were in attend-ance. The work of the convention will mainly be left to a committee of fifteen. The reading of the president's and sec-ptant's addresses took up the entire retary's addresses took up the entire tay's session. The convention will con-

DR. BRIGGS ON TRIAL.

THE ALLEGED HERETIC SPEAKS IN HIS OWN BEHALF.

His Argument Directed Against the Regularity of the Present Proceedings Proceedings of the Body.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 24.-The Presbyterian General Assembly was called to order at 9:30 by Moderator Craig, and was opened with prayer by Professor Roy, of Chicago, At 9 o'clock the galleries were well filled with visitors, who had evidently come to remain throughout the day, holding their places that they might obtain a view and hearing of the proceedings in the Briggs case during the

afternoon session. Dr. Young's sessional report from the committee on bills and overtures, as to the distribution of overtures among the several committees, went through without objection. Sixty overtures relating to changes in the present Confession of Faith were sent to the committee on bills and overtures for answer. Responses

to telegrams of congratulation and fra-ternity, received last week, were read by the stated clerk.

To the General Assembly of the Pres-byterian Church, South, at Macon, Ga., the following was sent: The General As-sembly of the Presbyterian Church is sembly of the Presbyterian Church, in session at Washington, responds cordially to your fraternal message: "There is one body and one spirit, even as ye are called in one hope of your calling, one Lord, one falth, one baptism, one God and Father of all, who is above all and through all and in you all."

through all and in you all."
Reports from committees consumed the remainder of the morning session. The committee on aid to colleges reported, and the report was accepted, recommending that the proposition of Mr. Arthur Brown to donate 100 acres of land in Sait Lake

to donate 100 acres of land in Sait Lake
City as a site for the location of the
"Westminster College" of Utah, "be respectfully declined."

In anticipation of a crowd to hear the
Briggs case, officers of the assembly and
of committee of arrangements prepared to
handle it equitably and satisfactorily.
The available are a front were reparties to the case, chairmen of the variand elders, over eighty years of age. The last five pews of the body of the church were given over to visitors, clergymen preferred, and the gallery to ladies who were not admitted to the main floor. A small detail of police were put on to ald the ushers in carrying out these arrangethe ushers in carrying out these arrange-ments. As on yesterday, long before the hour of opening the proceedings, every foot of available seating and standing room was occupied. The pressure for ad-mission was terrifie, but the arrange-ments were fairly well carried out. Rev. George D. Baker, chairman, reported that the judicial committee unanimously re-commended that the prosecuting commit-tee be allowed one hour to open the case. tee be allowed one hour to open the case, that five hours be given to Professor Briggs, and that the committee be given two hours in which to close, to be ex-tended if desired to four hours. The re-

port was accepted, and its recommenda-tions carried out as far as allowed.

Dr. Birch opened the case. Dr. Briggs spoke an hour and a half, and then at ten minutes to five yielded for a motion to adjourn. The assembly will reassemble at 9 o'clock to-morrow, and a half hour later be convened as a court and proceed

with the Briggs case. Dr. Briggs' argument was chiefly of a legal character, and was directed against the regularity of the present proceedings

THE NEW YORK'S SPEED. It Will be Some Time Before the Exact

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 24.-It will be at least a week before the exact speed attained by the new cruiser New York and the horse power developed are accurately made known. Attached to every one of the numerous steam cylinders, which make up the complicated machin-ery of the great ship, were little instruments known as indicators, intended to show the exact amount of steam used and the power developed in each cylinder and the power developed in each symmetr. From each of these a "card," or automatic record was taken during the trial trip at intervals of a few minutes. All of these results must be collated and averages must be obtained, allowances must be made for tides and currents, based upon the elaborate data taken on board of each of the vessels stationed

on the course. The work of calculation is very complex. and, as large sums of money are at stake, and, as large sums of money are at stake, it must she conducted very carefully. These facts have caused the engineer officers of the navy to regret that the new "standardized screw" system of obtaining the actual speed of vessels was not adopted in the trial of the New York. They argue that it certainly has the merit of simplicity, and the result in the case of the New York would have been case of the New York would have been known in ten minutes after crossing the line. It would also have shown a betthe result in speed than can be expected under the present system, because it would have made of itself allowance for the retarding effects of adverse or cross winds, which cannot now be calculated.

The Whitley Crevasse.

VICKSBURG, MISS., May 24.-The frightful velocity of the current through the Whitley crevasse is such that Assistant Engineer Brown, now in charge there, wires Captain Townsend that the sole chance of holding the ends of the levee is to float down trees against them. thereby making a breakwater. The par-ties who left the crevasses at \$5 o'clock last evening wire from Lake Providence that it was then five hundred feet wide and the roaring of the current through

ROME, May 24.—Senator Eula has accepted the ministry of finance, thus putting an end for the present to the Cabinet crisis, which has existed for crisis, which has existed for everal days.

End of the Cabinet Crists.

RANGE OF THERMOMETER.

Hange of thermometer at The Times office yesterday, May 24, 1863; 9 A. M., 73; 12 M., 77; 3 P. M., 77; 6 P. M., 69; 9 P. M., 68; midnight, 62. Average, 71 1-5.

WEATHER FORECAST. WASHINGTON, D. C., May 24.-For Virginia: Fair, warmer in the interior, For North Carolina and South Carolina

For North Carolina and South Carolina:
Slightly warmer, in Western North Carolina, northeast winds.

Weather Conditions—A trough of lew pressure extends from Arizona through the Middle Mississippi Valley and Upper lake region to the Gulf of St. Lawrence. A clearing condition is central in the Middle Atlantic States, and a second clearing condition is central in Montana. Rain has fallen on the Middle Itlantic Coast and in the upper lake region. The temperature has risen in the Gulf States and from Texas and New Mexico to the lower lake regions; it has generally fallen elsewhere.